

PRODUCT NOTE

Fiber Optic Link

The AFL3430 transmitter can be configured to work with one, two, three or possibly four receivers, thus saving you the expense of multiple transmitters. The abilit of the transmitter to ork ith multiple receivers depends on the cable configuration. This Product Note details factors ou need to kno to successfull implement the link ith one or more receivers.



Requirements for Successful Link

Referring to the diagram on the ne t page, there are three constraining factors to implement the AFL3430 link successfull :

1. The net RF gain applied to the GPS signal seen at the AFL3430 transmitter input must be greater than 31 + (2 * OpticalLoss) dB, i.e.:

AntGain Ń CopperLoss1 + G-LNA2Gain Ń CopperLoss2 > 31 dB + (2 * OpticalLoss) dB

2. The net Optical Loss, hich includes the Fiber Loss and and installed Splitter Loss, bet een the AFL3430 transmitter and receiver must be less than 12 dB, i.e.:

OpticalFiberLoss + OpticalSplitterLoss < 12 dB

3. The net RF gain applied to the GPS signal seen at the GPS receiver input must be greater than +15 dB, i.e.:

AntGain Ń CopperLoss1 + G-LNA2Gain Ń CopperLoss2 + LinkGain Ń (2 * OpticalLoss) + G-LNA2Gain - InterConnectCopperLoss > 15 dB



Example Configuration

This e ample meets the requirements listed above. The configuration includes a G-LNA2 pre-amp in the antenna do nlead path, ith 1-foot and 100-foot Belden 9104 do nlead cables, along ith 5 km of fiber and a 2:1 optical splitter. There is also a 3-foot Belden 9104 interconnect cable bet een the AFL3430 receiver output and the GPS receiver:

Gain Elements:					
Antenna Gain	=			+40 dB,	
AFL3430 Link Gain	=			+22 dB	
First G-LNA2 Gain	=			+26 dB	
Second G-LNA2 Not Installed					
Loss Elements:					
Do nLead Copper1 Loss	=	1 ft.	=	-0.1 dB	
Do nLead Copper2 Loss	=	100 ft.	=	-10 dB	
Optical Fiber Loss	=	5 km	=	-3 dB	
Optical Splitter Loss	=	2:1	=	-4 dB	
InterConnect Copper Loss	=	3 ft.	=	-0.3 dB	
Rule 1: 40 0.1 + 26	10 = 55.9	dB, hich i	s > 31	+(2*(3+4)) = 550	B

ç Rule 2: $3 + 4 < 12 \, \text{dB} \, \text{"c}$

40 0.1 + 26 10 + 22 (2 * (3 + 4)) 0.3 = 63.6 dB hich is > 15 dB"" cRule 3: